The First Part Of Exercises In String Theory Course

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I. ACTION OF A FREE MASSIVE PARTICLE IN MINKOWSKI SPACE-TIME

In this exercise, we are going to learn a bit more about the action of a free particle as a warm up.

Consider the below action

$$\mathcal{S}[x(t)] = -m \int_{\tau_0}^{\tau_1} d\tau \left[-\frac{dx^{\mu}}{d\tau} \frac{dx^{\nu}}{d\tau} \eta_{\mu\nu} \right]^{1/2}.$$
 (1)

- 1. Show this action is invariant under reparameterization. Find the infinitesimal of $x^{\mu}(\tau)$, under infinitesimal transformation $\tau \to \tau + \xi$.
- 2. Find equation of motion and all of primary and secondary constrains.
- 3. What is the form of Hamiltonian in this case? Is it consistent with Poisson bracket formalism which you have seen in classical mechanics? If there is any problem, solve it.
- 4. Show that every action with reparameterization symmetry, has a vanishing Hamiltonian.

II. ACTION OF FREE MASSLESS PARTICLE

In this exercise, our aim is to analyze the general action of causal particles. Consider an action as follows

$$\mathcal{S}[x(t),\lambda] = \frac{1}{2} \int_{\tau_0}^{\tau_1} \lambda(\tau) \left[\lambda^{-2}(\tau) \frac{dx^{\mu}}{d\tau} \frac{dx^{\nu}}{d\tau} \eta_{\mu\nu} - m^2 \right] d\tau$$
(2)

- 1. Under what condition for λ , this action would be reparameterizable?
- 2. Find equations of motion and all of primary and secondary constrains.
- 3. Check is the same as (1) in the massive case.
- 4. Work out equations of motion in the cases of m = 0, $\lambda = 1$ and also $m \neq 0$, $\lambda = 1/m$. Try to interpret these two gauge.

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